Control activities include both general and detailed controls aimed at preventing, detecting and correcting errors and irregularities. In the Electrolux Control System, the following controls are implemented, documented and tested;

- Manual and application controls to secure that key risks related to financial reporting within processes are controlled. Examples of important manual and application controls are ones over journal entries, reconciliations, access rights and segregation of duties.
- IT general controls to secure the IT environment for key applications. Examples of important IT general controls are ones over change management, user administration, production environment and back-up procedures.
- Entity-wide controls to secure and enhance the control environment within Electrolux. Examples of important entity-wide controls are ones over Group policies, accounting rules, delegation of authority and financial reviews.

Every calendar year, usually between March and May, the documentation of controls is updated and quality-assured. Documentation of controls is stored in a central web-based tool. Documentation comprises of both flowcharts of the process and descriptions of the control activities detailing who performs the control, what he or she does and how often the control is performed. Each control activity documented is also evidenced, i.e., a document or file proving that the control actually has taken place is maintained.



Monitor and improve

Monitor and test of control activities is performed periodically to ensure that risks are properly mitigated.

The effectiveness of control activities are monitored continuously at four levels:

Group, sector, reporting unit, and process. Monitoring involves both formal and informal procedures applied by management, process owners and control operators, including reviews of results in comparison with budgets and plans, analytical procedures, and key-performance indicators. Within the Electrolux Control System, management is responsible for testing key controls. Management testers who are independent of the control operator perform these activities. The Group's Internal Audit function maintains test plans and performs independent testing of selected controls. Testing is usually performed between June and August each calendar year with some additional testing performed up to and at year-end. Results from testing of controls are monitored through the web-based tool. Controls that have failed need to be remediated, which means establishing and implementing actions to correct weaknesses.

The test results from the larger reporting units are presented to the external auditors who assess the results of the testing performed by management and the Internal Audit function and determine to what extent they can rely upon the work within ECS for Group audit and statutory audit purposes. The external auditors' evaluation of ECS as part of the audit is reported to management as well as to the Audit Board and Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee reviews reports regarding internal control and processes for financial reporting, as well as internal audit reports submitted by the Internal Audit function. The external auditors report to the Audit Committee at each ordinary meeting.

In addition, the Group's Internal Audit function proactively proposes improvements to the control environment. The head of the Internal Audit function has dual reporting lines: To the President and the Audit Committee for assurance activities, and to the CFO for other activities.

Inform and communicate

Inform and communicate

Inform and communicate within the Electrolux Group regarding risks and tes to ensuring that the right business deci-

controls contributes to ensuring that the right business decisions are made.

Guidelines for financial reporting are communicated to employees, e.g., by ensuring that all manuals, policies and codes are published and accessible through the group-wide intranet as well as information related to the Electrolux Control System. This information includes the methodology, instructions and hands-on checklists, description of the roles and responsibilities, and the overall time plan.

Test of controls and quality assurance



Management testers perform tests of controls in different test phases during the year.

The Internal Audit function performs independent testing of selected controls through desktop reviews and on-site re-performance of tests to ensure methodology is adhered to.

External reporting



The final result after performing the ECS activities is a quality assured internal and external financial reporting.